CITY INTELLIGENCE.

Chars & Brodle's New Jewelley Store.—Philadelphis against the world. In what can any other
dry surpass us—save some perhaps of the Old World
mambers and antiquity? In life and vigor and
enterprise, however, this Quaker City still bears the
palm. Our progress has excited the wonder and
admiration of the continent, while to many even of
ear own citizens it has occasioned surprise. But
these latter do not search deep enough to discover
the foundation on which that progress is built. They
are content, even in the midst of their ignorance as
to the cause, to know that the city does advance in
all the essentials of prosperity—constantly and
rapidly advance. So likewise are we content in this
knowledge, and enjoy the additional pleasure of having evidences of improvement and expansion which
take place around us.

But a deep or two since we chronicled, the comple-CLARE & BIDDLE'S NEW JEWELEY STORE .- Phila-

ing evidences of improvement and expansion which take place around us.

But a day or two since we chronicled the completion of a palatial banking-house on Third street, directly opposite The Triesparm office; now we chronicle the completion and occupancy of a palatial jewelry store on Chesnut street, No. 1124. Messrs, Clark & Biddle, the well-known jewellers, formerly on Chesnut street, west of Seventh are the first Clark & Biddle, the well-known jewellers, formerly en Chesnut street, west of Seventh, are the firm which has opened this most magnificent place. Cramped for room and accommodations in their old store, standing in need of enlarged facilities for the conduct of their extensive and increasing business, what did they do? Pulled up stakes, as others had done before them, and obeying the call of "Westward ho!" moved "up the street." Now they have all the space and convesioned they could desire. They could not have located in a better place, wherefore they are to be felicitated for the aptness of their choice. But must we not give a description of the new establishment, as in duty bound? Well, then, since of late marble is all the rage, of course Mesers. Clark & Biddle have a marble front. It rises to the height of four stories, chaste and simple, yet sufficiently ornamented to a martie front. It rises to the height of four stories, chaste and simple, yet sufficiently ornamented to make it from the accusation of absolute plainness. A neat white balcony of pure white marble juts from the space immediately below the windows of the third story. A pretty and unique monogram of the 6rm displays itself over the entrance, as well as the marble force of the bridge to the sides of the state.

firm displays itself over the entrance, as well as the marble face of the building to the sides of the show windows. The latter are transparent with the largest, whitest, and clearest of French plate-glass, and have their eastern and western sides covered with huge mirrors, so adjusted as to afford a perspective view of the interior. Now let us enter.

The tout ensemble of the place is enchanting, light, alry, spacious, and admirably well arranged. Cases extend along on either side of the store to its extreme length. Back of them massive and magnificent cabinets are placed against the walls. The first thing noticeable is the unusual disposition of the space directly south of the windows. Before the first cases are reached on either side, small and pretty tables and chairs are placed, making a twin pair of offices for the use of the gentlemen of the firm. Then you come to the cases. Now these deserve particular mention. The firm boasts, and justly, that none like them can be found in the city. Their depth is their great feature, but in every way the steady of the steady constructed that they are constructed.

Their depth is their great feature, but in every way are they so completely constructed that they are models of beauty, elegance, and convenience. Up and down the store on either side they stretch away, glittering in the light to the confusion of one's eyes. Unlike the ordinary boxcases, they stand upon heavily-carved low walnut tables, and inviting stools for customers are located at intervals before them. The cabinets, as has already been said, are very large. Of course, out of walnut are they fashioned, for would any other than that expensive and dark-hued wood do for an establishment like this? Each of them is divided into compartments, with broad and tall mirrors between. Their backs are lined with the finest of the partments, with broad and the interest of black veryet, which serves the effect of bewitchingly setting off the goods placed within. Siender and beautiful walnut tables are placed between the cases, designed for the better exhibition of goods when removed from the latter. The whole store is beautifully frescoed, and desible like of sill monthing which its light may be a sill more than the second and desible like of sill monthing which its light may be a sill more than the second and the second an

latter. The whole store is beautifully frescoed, and a double line of gilt moulding winds its brilliant way around the edges of the ceiling, affording an exquisite finish to the angles.

The store is twenty-six feet in width, 160 feet in depth. The height of the ceiling is about 20 feet. Midway down the space a sort of partition or division wall confronts you. At this point the four-storied portion of the building ends, the remaining part being but one story in height. Four large skylights are cut in the ceiling, which now also serves as the roof from here to the extreme rear of the store. The place is flooded with light, and gifters in the sunshine. Exactly at the point of the division, on one side is placed the counting-room of the firm, on one side is placed the counting-room of the firm, on the other the stairway which leads to the upper stories. The entire arrangement is most happy and

complete.

Retracing our steps now to the front section of the store, on the east side is the watch and diamond department; on the west side the department for jewelry and fancy articles. The rear portion of the store is used as the silverware department, and is strowded with articles of that class. When the store is lighted by gas one hundred and ninety-two burners flash their rays from numerous chandeliers and brackets.

brackets.

It would be difficult to conceive how the place could have been better arranged or more elegantly finished, apart from any attempt at grandeur. With an already established reputation, with courtesy and attention, will not Messrs, Clark & Biddle prosper more in their new store than they did in their old?

WHAT ARE THE WILD WAVES SAYING?"-The "great hotel" about which the frequenters of Cape Island have heard so much for years is at last a reality. On the 20th of June the Stockton House will be ready to receive visitors, and visitors will find it the largest and most magnificent institution of the kind on the American continent. The building alone covers a space of two acres and a half, and in the grounds eight acres are embraced. Surrounding the building is a magnificent portico one thousand feet building is a magnificent proof of which is supported by fifty-nine massive pillars, fifty feet in height. The dining-room is 320 feet in length and 50 feet in width. The parlors are both large and numerous, and will be furnished in the most luxurious style. The building being five stories in height, it affords The bullding being live stories in height, it alfords space for 350 ample chambers, in each of which both water and gas will be introduced, the furniture to be of oiled black walnut, the beds provided with spring hair mattresses, and the floors covered with that rare seaside luxury—carpet. Altogether, the hotel will certainly be the largest and finest in the United States, and will be hailed with joy by those who delight to listen to the sad sea waves, but have been heretofore compelled to gratify their passion under circumstances and surroundings waves, but have been heretofore compelled to gratify their passion under circumstances and surroundings of a rather depressing dature. A. H. Markley, Esq., of the Camden and Amboy Raifroad Company, is the president of the company which has erected this magnificent structure, and its management will be entrusted to Mr. Peter Gardner, a gentleman who knows how to keep a hotel, if a long experience in connection with such establishments as the New York Hotel, and Willard's, at Washington, can impart such knowledge. The Stockton House is situated on the beach, below the Columbia House, and, to add to the eligibility of the site, a breakwater has been constructed in front of it, giving a continuous seaside promenade from the Excursion House to a point half a mile below the new building—a promenade marjualled in this country.

A COMPLIMENT TO A PHILADELPHIAN.—The following letter from Samuel F. B. Morse to N. J. Snyder, Esq., operator on the Western Union Telegraph Line stationed in this city, has been received, with a

Line stationed in this city, has been received, with a fac simile of the medal issued by the Exposition at Paris in 1867, as a token of his admiration of Mr. Snyder's skill in telegraphica;—

New York, April 27, 1869.—My Dear Sir;—The necessity of exclusive attention to the preparation of my report on the telegraphic apparatus of the Paris Exposition of 1867, which, as United States Commissioner, I have just sent to the Department of State, has prevented me from earlier acknowledging my indebtedness to you, and also to Walter Phillips, Bsq., of Providence, R. L. for the result of the tost of speed of transmission by the Morse system, which was accomplished early in 1868.

Your great skill in recording 2500 words in one hour and Mr. Phillips' feat of recording 2731 in the same time, are feats which, so far as I know, are unexampled in the annals of telegraphy.

exampled in the annals of telegraphy.

exampled in the annals of telegraphy.

Please accept from me the accompanying medal ta seuvenir of the Great Exposition of 1867) as a small token of my admiration of your masterly performance. In the report above mentioned I have noted these results as worthy of special record,

Accept the assurance of the sincere respect and esteem of your obedient servant,

SAMURI. F. B. MORSE.

To N. J. Snyder, Esq., Philadelphia

Polace Appointments.—During the past few days the Mayoraity guillotine has been actively at work, and the vacancles created on the police force have been filled by the following appointments: S. George Strowhower, 12th district: Patrick Maxwell, 18th district; John Lukeus, 11th district; James Donnelly, 5th district; John McCormick, 3d district; Thomas Evans, 6th district; Samuel Hunter, Reserve; Thomas MacFarland, 16th district; James McGuckin, who was appointed for the loth district, transferred to the Reserve; Albert H. Randall, Roundsman; Dennis Mullen, Roundsman, James McMahon, 5th district; Thomas M. Reeves, 2d district; Edward Murphy, 2d district; John W. Maguire, 1st district; Benjamin White, 2d district; James Riley, 17th district; John McGonigle, 17th district; Patrick J. Sherlock, 17th district; Wm. Tabham, 17th district; Charles Walters, 2d district; Frederick Steinmeyer, 1st district, James Donohue, 17th district; John Burns, 2d district. POLICE APPOINTMENTS .- During the past few days

SUPERVISORS APPOINTED.—There have been four resignations by Supervisors within a few days past.
Two of the vacancles have been filled by Robert
Ribertan for the 9th and 10th wards, and Ephrain THE RUN OLD WANTE.

THE COMING ENIGHTS TEMPLAN CELEBRATION .-THE COMING ENIGHTS TEMPLAR CELEBRATION.—
The arrangements for the semi-centennial anniversary of St. John's Commandery, No. 4, Knights
Templar, are steadily progressing, and the indications are that it will be the finest public display of
the Order ever seen in this country. It takes place
on the 15th of June next, and will consist in part of
a grand demonstration at the Academy of Music, an
imposing procession, and other features. The following is a correct list of the chairmen of the diffesent committees appropried to carry out the prorent committees appointed to carry out the programme of the ceremonies:— General Committee of Arrangements - Sir Andrew

General Committee of Arrange obeno, Jr., Invitation—Charles E. Meyer. Finance—John Thornley. Reception—Jeremiah I. Hutchinson. Parade—General R. Clay Crawford. Music—William J. Kelly. Medal—J. Atlee White. Railroad Accommodations—Francis Funk. Hotel Accommodations—Isaac Muff. Printing—R. Berkeley Fitts.

FREE TRADE IN OUR COLLEGES .- Mr. Cyrus Elder e Secretary of the Industrial League of Pennsylva

nia, sends us the following note:—
"The report of the Industrial League of Pennsyl vania, published in your edition of yesterday, declares that the colleges of Pennsylvania are not known to teach any other system of Political Economy than that promulgated by the Free Trade League. Immediately after the reading of the report, Mr. Fraley stated that the University of Pennsylvania is an exercise. sylvania is an exception, as it uses a text book com-piled from the works of Henry C. Carey. This ma-terial correction of the statements of the report does not appear in the proceedings, and I will be obliged to you for its publication."

A WAIF.—Policeman Goodwin, of the Sixth district, about 9 o'clock last night found a basket containing a female child about five weeks old. The ollowing note, directed to the Matron of the Alms-nouse Infant Department, was in the basket;— "Please take good care of this dear little one. She

will be called for, and you will be well paid for your care of her. Necessity compels this course. Do not let her be tasken out by any person, for when I call for her I will give proof that she is mine. Take care of this note, and when I call I will hand you a dipolicate.

"Her name is Foundalia." Her name is Foundelia.

THE SKATING RINK FIRE,-The following is a list of the insurances on the Mammoth Skatling Rink at Twenty-first and Race streets, which was destroyed ov fire last night;— dited States, of Baltimore Maryland, of Baltimore... Monumental, of Baltimore Associated Firemen's, of Baitimore
Glenn Palls, of New York
Hope, of New York
Phœnix, of Philadelphia. Anthracite, of Philadelphia
Spring Garden, of Philadelphia Total \$30,000
There was also an insurance of \$2700 in the Commonwealth, of New York, on the velocipedes. \$30,000

FREAKS OF THE LIGHTNING .- During the thunder FREAKS OF THE LIGHTNING.—During the thunder shower of yesterday the house of A. Terry, Sr., Esq., No. 2136 Spring Garden street, was struck by lightning. The fluid entered at a window above the verandah, third story back, and passing down through the floor into the bath-room, seemingly spent itself in the projecting lead pipe of the shower-bath, making in the ceiling and walls small apertures like bullet-holes, and scattering the plaster promisenously. Mrs. Terry, who was sitting in the verandah, made a parrow escape, receiving a severe shock, the made a narrow escape, receiving a severe shock, the peculiar burning and subparrous smell which is the usual attendant of lightning impregnating her person and garments,

VELOCIPEDICAL -- Mr. Vandeweer, a proficient in Velocipedical.—Mr. Vandeweer, a proficient in the art velocipedical, has agreed to ride fifty miles in five hours, on a velocipede, at the Chesnut Street Velocipedrone, Twenty-third and Chesnut streets, for the sum of two hundred and fifty dollars. He will mount his bicycle at four o'clock to-morrow afternoon, and in order to win the money he must make the fifty miles by nine o'clock. The affair will be a novelty, and will doubtless attract a large and curious assemblage,

FOUND DROWNED .- At an early hour this morning an unknown white man, ared about 45 years, was found drowned in the Delaware, at Queen street. He is 5 feet 9 inches high, has dark brown hair, and no whiskers. He was dressed in a knit lacket, black cloth vest, dark cloth pants, white shirt, low shoes, and grey woollen stockings. Coroner Daniels took charge of the body.

ABUSING HIS FAMILY. John Rutter lives at Front and Millin streets. Yesterday he went home drunk, and, after abusing his family, turned his attention to the furniture, which he demolished. He was arrested and taken before Alderman Collins, who held him to

A Shorteren.—Ellen Blood went into the dry goods store of Mr. Wagg, No. 704 North Second street, in company with a man. While the fellow street, in company with a man. tecting a purchase Ellen filled a basket with wearing apparel. She w prison by Alderman Kerr. She was arrested and sent to

AN UPSET .- A car of the Eighth Street Passenger Railway fell over into the excavation made for the new culvert on Eighth street, above Master, yester-day afternoon, in consequence of the ground caving neath the track. There were sixteen passengers n the car, but they fortunately escaped unhurt,

RESIGNED.—Lemuel T. Selby, one of the Sergeants of Police of the Second district, resigned this morning. Mr. Selby has been on the force for about ten years, and during that period has borne an excellent

STRUCK BY LIGHTNING.—A stable at Edgemont and Berks streets was struck by lightning during the storm yesterday morning. But little damage was sustained. A tree, in the same vicinity, was also struck and shattered to pieces.

Fire.—At 5 o'clock on Wednesday afternoon, the dwelling of Thomas Heston, at Fifty-third and Pear streets, in West Philadelphia, was set on fire by some children, who were playing with matches. The damage caused amounted to \$300. PROVISION THIEF .- Edward Dunmore was arrested

at Fourth and South streets yesterday afternoon, for stealing provisions from the South Second Street Market. Alderman Moore committed him for trial. FATAL RESULT .- Last night Mrs. Bridget Brophy,

who was so shockingly burned at her residence, No. 1207 Alder street, on Wednesday last, died from the

TO THE BENEVOLENT LADIES.-We are in want of lint, linen, and bandages for the sick and wounded soldiers in the hospital at the Soldiers' Home, southeast corner of Sixteenth and Filbert streets.

-Amount of Coal transported on the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad during the week ending Thursday, April 29, 1869:-

	Tour. Ci	ot.
From St. Clair	23,768	04
" Port Carbon	9,444	06
" Pottsville	3,040	
" Schuylkill Haven	31,193	
" Auburn	2,503	
" Port Chnton	14,098	
" Harrisburg and Daughin	4,434	
Anthracite Coal for the week	98,482	02
Dauphin for the week	8,024	17
Total for the week paying freight	106,506	19
Coal for Company's use	3,405	08
Total all kinds for the week	109,912	07
Corresponding week last year, tons Previously this year	1,177,885	01
Total. To Thursday, April 36, 1886.	1,287,297 1,182,284	08 19
-Irma is one of eight sisters.		
-Charles Wesley wrote 7000 hymns		

Jo. Jefferson is indulging in real estate. - Fourteen English 1 monets have died since January 1, 1869.

-England thinks of spending £20,000 in importing Cleopatra's needle.

-Jackson Haynes, the skater, has been passing the winter at Copenhagen and St. Petersburg. -Miss Van Lew, of the Richmond post office, has decided that her official title shall be post-

-Mrs. Woodward Hotehkiss, of Connecticut, signalized her ninety-a ath birthday by writing some verses.

-There are now over sixty silk manufactories in the United States

WEDDING INVITATIONS, ENGRAVED IN the newest and best manner.

LOUIS DREKA, Stationer and Engraver,
No. 1843 Chesnut Street.

LOST.

A PPLICATION HAS BEEN MADE FOR A Duplicate Certificate No. 1248, name of "Ports, mouth Orphans" Asylum, " asmed May 20, 1857, for \$1700. New Loan due January 1, 185 Original lost in fire, Richmond, Va., in 1805.

BLAIR & BROTHER, 4 20fta2m

WASHINGTON.

The Cabinet-Motley to Start on His Mission at Once.

Negotiations of Rosecrans with Mexico-The President to Visit the Pacific Coast.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph. Removal of Extra Revenue Officials.

WASHINGTON, April 30 .- The connection of Simon Towle, special attorney, appointed by Secretary McCulloch to attend to certain customs revenue cases in New York, terminates to-day by order of Secretary Boutwell. This step was taken by Secretary Boutwell from a conviction that all cases in which the United States are interested as a party should be intrusted to officers of the law duly appointed for that purpose.

Minister Rosecrans.

A person is here from Mexico, alleging that he has important despatches from Minister Rosecrans for our Government. It is understood that they relate to the negotiations which Rosecrans has had with the Mexican Government for the cession of certain portions of Mexico to the United States, in order to raise money for the Juarez Government. It appears that Rosecrans would like to remain there to complete the negotiation, but unfortunately for him, the new Minister is now on his way to Mexico. Despatch to the Associated Press,

President Grant Not to Visit California.

Washington, April 30.—Representative Sargeant, of California, asked President Grant as a matter of interest to the Pacific coast whether he intended, as reported, to visit California during the coming summer, when the President replied that the distance was too great, and, besides, he could not spare the time from his official duties.

Nearly Finished.

The President of the Northern Pacific Railroad company having written to the Secretary of the Interior that the road is nearly finished. and that the rails of the two roads will probably be joined next week, the latter replied to-day that it is deemed advisable the commissioners designated to examine the completed returns of that road, upon which a report has not yet been received, should examine and report upon the road from the thousandth mile post to Promontory Summit; as soon as the requisite forms are complied with.

The Young-Dana Libel Suit. Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph.

NEW YORK, April 30 .- It is reported here this P. M. that J. R. Young intends to prosecute the Evening Post and Cincinnati Commercial to-morrow for publishing the Dana account. Damages laid at one hundred thousand dollars.

Markets by Telegraph.

New York, April 30.—Cotton quiet but firm; 200 bales middling uplands sold at 283/@283/c. Flour—sales of 6400 barrels; State and Western advanced 5 @10c. for low grades; others unchanged; superfine to fancy, \$5.50@6.50; superfine to choice extra Western. fancy, \$5.50.66.50; superfine to choice extra Wostern, \$5.45.66.75. Wheat quiet, sales of 1500 bushels; spring advanced 16.2c. Corn advanced 16.2c. Sales of 34,000 bushels; new mixed Western 856.85c.; old 0. \$7.66.8c. in store and afoat. Gats firmer; Western 816.85c. in store and afoat. Beef quiet; mess, \$86.16; extra do., 126.18. Pork quiet; Mess, \$31.125; prime, \$25.756.26. Lard dull; tierce, 186.185.c. Whisky firm; Western, 93c.

New York, April 30.—Stocks active. Gold, 1344. Exchange, 24c. 5.20s. 1852, 192; do. 1864, 1177; do.

New York, April 30.—Stocks active. Gold., 1884. Exchange, 94. 5-20s, 1862, 122; do. 1864, 1174; do. 1865, 1194; new, 1164; 1867, 1163; 10-40s, 1084; Virginia 6s, 63; Missouri 6s, 884; Canton Company, 64; Cumberland preferred, 30; New York Central, 1754; Reading, 974; Hudson River, 156; Michigan Central, 128; Michigan Southern, 1037; Illinois Central, 144; Cleveland and Pittsburg, 93; Cleveland and

134; Cleveland and Pittsburg, 35; Cleveland and Toledo, 1923; Chicago and Rock Island, 139; Pitts-burg and Fort Wayne, 138. BALTIMORE, April 30.—Cotton quiet and steady; nominally 28c. Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat dull; prime Valley red, \$2:15. Corn firm; white, 80@ sides, 16½c,; clear sides, 17½c,; shoulders, 14½c,; hams, 20@21c, Lard firm at 19½c, Whisky quiet but firm at 19½c, Whisky quiet but firm at 19½c, Whisky quiet but firm at 92@93c,

Another Eldorado. From the San Francisco Herald, March 25.

The schooner Ann Eliza, belonging to Jansen & Co., arrived here on Tuesday last, laden with seal skins from Kodiak Island and the lower coast of Alaska, brings intelligence of immense discoveries of gold, in placers, on the main land, latitude 61 north, longitude 150 west from Greenwich. The steward of the vessel exhibits some fine specimens of dust, which he says was obtained in the proportion of one teaspoonful to three shovels of dirt, taken from six feet below the surface. He also has specimens of quartz and nugget gold. The captain and crew of the vessel confirm his statements. The discovery was made 120 miles from Kodiak Island, upon the Kuyak river, which debouches into Cook river, by a Russian engineer who was prospecting. He was led to the effort by the appearance of specimens which he obtained from the Indians. The second mines discovered are about sixty miles above Sitka, between Mount Fairweather and the Chilcut river. The third discovery is upon one of the islands, the name of which was not known. In the Kuyak river mines the gold is found along the river banks, and in the gulches of the Chigmit mountains. The Kuyak river is navigable for light draught vessels, for thirty miles above its junction with Cook river. On account of the climate the mines can only be worked for five months in the year. At the time the Ann Eliza left, rumors of silver discoveries were common, but doubt was entertained of its existence; gold, however, was plenty.

The steward and his companion lost their mining tools by the capsizing of their skin boats while crossing the Kodiak. After procuring a proper outfit they will return thither. Of course se new discoveries will attract only ordinary attention on account of their remote location from civilization, and occurring at the height of the White Pine excitement; but under ordinary circumstances a grand rush would set in that

The Union Dead.

Some time since a city paper stated that the negroes in the vicinity of Richmond were engaged in collecting and selling to bone-burners the bones of Confederate and Union soldiers.

Commenting on this, the Richmond Journa of Tuesday, 27th inst., says "that 'the negroes have not been discovered doing anything of the kind. A statement appeared not long since charging that a number of exposed bones in the vicinity of Fert Harrison had been gathered and burned by the occupants of the land, but it was not charged specifically that the colored people were even guilty of that act of disrespect to the The remains of all Union soldiers, and some who were not, have long since been re-moved from all exposed localities in this State, and received decent sepulture at the hands of parties appointed and paid by the Government for that purpose. All soldiers' remains lately found exposed near Fort Harrison were not long since brought to this city by a committee of citizens and decently interred."

—A lady in Putnam, New York, has died from having too many teeth extracted at once.

THIRD EDITION | PHILADELPHIA STOCK EXCHANGE SALES. | FOURTH EDITION | FIFTH EDITION

BETWEEN BOARDS. 3 do ... 313 100 sh Phil & E R. 85, 283, 300 do ... 3d, 283, 100 sh Penna saodat 593, 300 do ... c. 593, 100 do ... c. 60 400 do ... c. 60 SECOND BOARD.

The New York Money Market.

From the Herald.

"The Government sale of gold took place to-day at Sub-Treasury. Secretary Boutwell was in the ding, but did not attend the opening of the bids. building, but did not attend the opening of the bids. The proposals were twenty-six in number, for a sum amounting to over eight millions of dollars, at prices ranging from 131-50 to 134-92. The awards were made in one lot of 250,000, at 134-92, and three lots, amounting to \$750,000, at 134-91. So far as the experiment of easing the market is concerned, it was a decided failure, for gold went up immediately after to 1343, a rise of three-quarters per cent, as compared with the lowest price in the morning. Mr. Boutwell was quite reticent as to his policy, and made very little display during his visit to the street. In the afternoon he was introduced at the Stock Exchange, and made a speech of some five minutes' duration, in which he said that he would faithfully use the revenues of the Governhe would faithfully use the revenues of the Govern ment, and endeavor to reduce the national debt. He was going to so conduct his administration that no one could question his integrity. He would so contrive that no one should make or lose money by him. This final hit at the stock-jobbing proclivities of the previous incumbent of the Scorntaryship was well received. So on the Secretaryship was well received. So ended the visit and the great sale of gold. Doubtless Mr. Boutwell means well, but he seems perfectly inexperienced. He has little genius for finance and is feeling his way cautiously along the path which the President and Congress have appointed him to travel. Those who know him intimately say that he is a visit of the control anxious not to disturb the monetary ease of anxions not to disturb the monetary case of this centre by selling a laree quantity of gold at once, and hence his selection of the present period for the sales. It is the impression that he will avail himself of the authority conferred by the Sinking Fund act to cancel a percentage of Government bonds, and hence these securities were very strong to-day, particularly after his speech at the Stock Exchange, when the 62s sold at the extraordinary price of 122, and the 63s at 116%. The advance frightened the 'shorts' into covering, and this interest has been evidently greatly reduced, as all the issues were lending to-day at good rates of interest. The advance of consols to 24% for monor interest. The advance of consols to 94% for money is a further proof of monetary ease at London, and stimulates foreign purchases.

stimulates foreign purchases.

"The money market was without important change, but it was again difficult to decide which was the prevailing rate, 6 or 7 per cent. Those who wanted to lend money could get only 6 for it, while those who were under the necessity of borrowing had to pay 7. Commercial paper was duller, but rates remained steady, at 8 to 10 per cent, for prime louble names four months' acceptances, and at 7 /2 to

of for sixty days notes.
"Foreign exchange was active at an advance of one-eighth in rates for sterling. The higher price of cotton on this side of the Atlantic leaves the market bare of cotton bills, while the home consumption of the stuple has steadily increased in our manufac tories. The following was the range of quotations:
"Sterling, sixty days, commercial, 108% @108%
good to prime bankers', 109@109%; short sight, 109% good to prime bankers, 1996-1993; short sight, 1995, 6x1997;; Paris, sixty days, 5-2174,6-5-1634; short sight, 5-1634,6-65-1634; Antwerp. 5-2174,6-5-1634; Switzerland, 5-2174,6-5-1636; Hamburg, 35-26-35-3; Amsterdam, 40-65-054; Frankfort, 403,6-65-034; Bremen, 78-678-34; Prussian thalers, 703,6-6114.

Gold opened at the closing price of the previous day but under the stigmilitie of the high bidding at

day, but, under the stimultis of the high bidding at the Government sale, took a decided upward turn, instead of going the other way, and touched 134%. This was all the more remarkable as cash, gold was This was all the more remarkable as cash gold was in greater abundance, and but two days intervene to Saturday, when about ten millions of gold will come on the New York market in payment of the May conpons. The premium seemed to go up without much effort, and the market became rather dull at the advance.

the advance.

"Cash gold loaned 'flat' early in the day, but 6 per cent, was paid for carrying it just before Clearing House time. In the afternoon 3 and 4 per cent, were paid for carrying. The Gold Exchange Bank report is as follows:—Gold cleared, \$73,362,000; gold balances, \$1,574,627; currency balances, \$2,181,314."

"The great event in Wall street to-day was the visit of Secretary Boutwell to this city, and the speech which he made to the New York Stock Exspeech which he made to the New York Stock Exchange. The exposition of his views was exceedingly satisfactory. They were simple, plain, and right to the point. "Economy and law" were the acknowledged guides of his policy. Simple as 'economy and law may seem to be as the acknowledged guides of Mr. Boutwell's policy, they have been for over seven years the antipotes of everything done by anybody in the Treasury Department of the United States. 'Economy and law' are what the people of the United States want in a Secretary of the Treasury. If Mr. Boutwell has the courage and persistence to carry out this programme of 'economy and law' in his department, then he may safely calculate upon a national and world-wide reputation high enough to satisfy the ambition of the most hisatiate. The surplus revenue of the United

most insatiate. The surplus revenue of the United States shows plainly that an honest and business-like administration of our finances will inevitably advance the national credit to so high a standard that the road to specie payments can be made easy and natural by the appreciation of the market price of our bonds to par in gold and upwards. The official declaration that Government intended to carry out, in good faith at once, the Sinking Fund act of 1862, would assist materially in placing United States bonds on that high standard in the markets of the world to which they are entitled. The Sinking Fund act of 1862 was part and parcel of the same law which authorized the issue of the Five-twenty bonds of 1862. It was a pledge of the national honor to extinguish It was a pledge of the national honor to extinguish an obligation issued thereon upon the national credit. The fulfilment of this national pledge upon the part of Mr. Boutwell would stamp his administration as a new advent of affairs in our Treasury Department. The law which defines the sinking fund is unmistakable and incontrovertible, and it has been until this day ignored and violated by Secretaries Chase and McCulloch. The Sinking Fund provision in the act of Congress, 1862, was a vital portion of the bargain upon which Government vital portion of the bargain upon which Government negotiated the \$500,000,000 of the Five-twenty bonds of 1862. The violation of this bargain hitherto is not creditable to Government. If Mr. Boutwell declares officially that the financial policy of Government will henceforth carry out in good faith the provisions of the Sinking Fund act of 1862, then the Five-twenty bonds will advance rapidly to and above par in gold, so that the Secretary can readily negotiate four per cent, bonds on advantageous terms, and thereby reduce materially the burden of taxation which the people have to bear. Mr. Boutwell's visit to-day has made a favorable impression on those who have come in contact with him; and although he has not en as yet sufficiently explicit in the declaration of his policy to meet popular expectation, still what he has said is so far good. He visited the Stock Exchange to-day, and was introduced to a number of its members. There was a very general desire to hear his views, and in compliance with the universal demand the Secretary addressed the Stock Ex-

change in substance as follows:—

"Gentlemen-This is the first time that I have ever visited the Stock Exchange, and I am glad to meet you here. I suppose you will expect me to say something about my financial policy. I shall use every means and influence at my command to collect the full amount of revenue due to the Government, and apply the same to the working expenses of the Government and the surplus to the reduction of the national debt. I shall use every prodent secundary in the administration of my department, and its transactions shall be as plain as if written upon your very walls. I shall do nothing which will cause any gain or bring any loss on private individuals. I shall endeavor to administer the finances in such a manner as not to cast any shame or repreach on the department, nor to embarrass the business of the country.

"If Mr. Boutwell carries out these views in a practical form, then he will command the good will and influence of citizens of every party.

"The Money market was easy at 6 to 7 per cent, on call. Prime business notes are wanted at 8 to 9 per change in substance as follows:-

call. Prime business notes are wanted at 8 to 9 per cent. The banks are gaining strength every day, and are more disposed to accommodate their cus-The bids to-day for the Government gold, \$1,000,-000, were awarded to Henry Clews & Co., Trevor & Colgate, and Underhill, Haven & Co., as follows:—Henry Clews & Co., \$250,000—134-02; Henry Clews & Co., \$234,375—134-01; Trevor & Colgate, \$468,750—134-01; Underhill, Haven & Co., \$46,875—134-01.

-Batavia, Illinois, sends each month oce thousand yeast-cakes to Boston. ... The police of Charleston, South Carolina, are to be armed with rosewood clubs.

-Strawberries are fifty cents a basket in New Orleans, and apples six for a dollar. —A young preacher in Boston recently called erollies the shoddy of the heavens.

FROM THE CAPITAL.

The Pressure for Office Renewed-The Probable Reconstruction of the Cabinet - The Charges Against Minister Hale.

Spain and the Catholic Church.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph.

Cabinet Meeting. WASHINGTON, April 30.—At the Cabinet meeting to-day, all the members were present except Postmaster-General Creswell, who is still absent from the city.

The Pressure for Office. Now that the Secretaries are all in the city again, the pressure for office is renewed, and trains are bringing fresh recruits to strengthen those already here.

Cabinet Reconstruction. The editorial which appeared in the Chicago Tribune a few days ago, reviewing Grant's administration, and calling for a new Cabinet composed of statesmen, instead of mere clerks. has attracted the attention of the President, and is said to give him great uneasiness. In view of the clamor, which has now become general, for a reconstruction of the Cabinet, it is not improbable that Grant will, in accordance with his promise to the committee which notified him of his election, that if one Cabinet did not suit he would get another, look around for new timber out of which to construct a stronger knd more popular Cabinet.

Minister Hale. The friends of John P. Hale are beseeching the President to allow him to remain long enough at Madrid to defend himself against the charges brought against him of smuggling goods into Spain. Hale has also made a similar request. It is doubtful whether the President will accede to the request.

General Lee is expected here to-night to have a private interview with President Grant on the condition of affairs in Virginia. Lee will be the guest of

FROM LOUISVILLE.

A Condemned Murderer Reprieved.

Montgomery Blair.

LOUISVILLE, April 30.—The Sheriff received to-day a reprieve for thirty days, granted by Governor Stevenson to John Conley, the negro, whase execution was to have taken place during the day. Conley will be hanged at the expiration of the reprieve without further leniency. The interposition of the United States Courts in this case excites much surprise.

FROM NEW YORK.

Desperate Attempt to Commit Suicide. Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph.

NEW YORK, April 30 .- Dr. Blanck, the Hudon (N. J.) physician implicated in the Hoboken abortion ease, made a desperate attempt to commit suicide this morning. He was found lying caked on the floor, with his throat cut from ear to ear, and abdomen badly cut. The jugular vein was not severed, and the doctor says the wounds are not fatal.

FROM NEWARK.

Proceedings of the Sabbath School Convention. NEWARK, N. J., April 30.—The National Sunday School Convention was occupied to-day in hearing reports from its various sections. A resolution was adopted, warmly endorsing the New York State Committee in favoring a training school or college, and a Standing Committee on the subject was appointed to develop a plan. Indianapolis was agreed on as the place for the meeting of the Convention three years hence.

FOREIGN.

Proceedings of the Spanish Cortes. By Atlantic Cable.

MADRID, April 30 .- In the Cortes yesterday General Cuestais proposed amendments to the new constitution now under consideration establishing the Roman Catholic as the only religion of the country, was rejected.

This Evening's Quetations.

This Evening's Quetations.

LONDON, April 30—Evening.—Consols, 93% for both money and account. U. S. five-twenties dull at 80%. Reilways steady. Eric, 20%; Illinois Central, 98%. PARIS, April 30—Evening.—The Bourse closed firm. Rentes, 711, 70.

LIVERPOOL, April 30—Evening.—Cotton, middling Uplands, 11%d.; middling Orleans, 12%d. The sales have been 10,000 bales.

CARPETINGS.

NEW CARPETINGS!

ARCH STREET

Carpet Warehouse. JOSEPH BLACKWOOD.

No. 832 ARCH Street.

EVERYBODY SAYS

E. H. GODSHALK & CO., NO. 723 CHESNUT STREET. Have just received a splendid lot of

Carpets and Mattings.

Of Rich and Elegant Designs. What everybody says must be true. 3 19 fmwämrp

1869 SPRING. 1869

LEEDOM & SHAW,

No. 910 ARCH Street. We are now receiving a very large stock of NEW GOODS for

SPRING SALES.

Embracing all the new styles of CARPETINGS.

3 11 w/m3m

FLOOR OIL CLOTHS, MATTINGS,

THE LATEST NEWS.

Additional Appointments by the President-Arrival of a Special Envoy from Mexico.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Despatch to the Associated Press.

Steamboats for the Fourth district.

Appointments by the President. WASHINGTON, April 30 .- The following appointments have been made by the President:-Alfred Sanford, Supervising Inspector of

Fort Gibson, Cherokee Nation; Harrison Adreon, at Baltimore; Samuel McKee, at Louisville, Ky .; W. D. Goodloe, at Lexington, Ky.

Pension Agents-Alexander Clapperton, at

W. Vincent has been appointed Receiver of Public Moneys at Fort Dodge, New Mexico.

Special Bearer of Despatches.

Dr. Brink, special bearer of despatches from Mexico, announced here yesterday, had an interview with the President to-day, and delivered his despatches. The President referred the despatches to Secretary Fish.

All were present at the Cabinet meeting to-day excepting Mr. Creswell.

Stock Quotations by Telegraph-3 P. M. Glendining, Davis & Co., report through their New York house the following:-

FIRE AND BURGLAR PROOF SAFE

CHAMPION SAFES!

UNSUCCESSFUL BURGLARY.

LETTER OF MESSRS, DAVID DOWS & CO. NEW YORK, April 10, 1869. HERRING, FARREL & SHERMAN,

No. 251 Broadway. Gents:-On the night of the 22d ultimo, our store, No. 20 South street, was entered, and a desperate attempt made by burglars upon one of your safes in our counting-room. The key to the safe in which we kept our securities

was locked inside of our fire-proof book safe, the doors of which were literally cut to pieces; from this they obtained the key to the other safe and opened it. Fortunately we had one of your Burglar-Proof Banker's Chests inside, in which our valuables were deposited. This they went to work at with a will, and evidently used up all their time and tools in vain attempts to force it. The night was dark and stormy, and the fact of their knowing where our key was kept shows that their plans were well matured. They tried wedging the door and body of the Chest, and the faithful safe bears evidence of the labor and skill devoted to the work. All was useless, and it is with great satisfaction we report that upon opening it we found our securities all safe, and can therefore cheerfully indorse the Burglar-Proof work recommended by you.

You will please send the new safe purch; to our counting-house, and take the old one, to show that some safes are still manufactured worthy of the DAVID DOWS & CO. name.

FARREL, HERRING & CO.,

CHAMPION SAFES,

NO. 629 CHESNUT STREET.

PHILADELPHIA.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

NEW PUBLICATIONS. American Sunday-School Union. LADY LUCY'S SECRET; or, The Gold Thimble. This is the first volume of a new and original series to be called the Children of Stantoun Corbet; or, Tales of English Children, from the reign of Queen Mary to that of Queen Anne. 18mo., cloth, 60 cents.

DOCTOR KENDALL'S CHIL-DECEN. A very attractive and entertaining book. 16mo., cloth, \$100. THE FRENCH PROTESTANT: or, Louis Michaud. 18mo., cloth, 50

OLIVE'S WORLD. 18mo., cloth, 60 TWENTY-FIVE CENTS; or, The Grateful Irish Boy. 18mo., eloth,

American Sunday-School Union, 1122 Chesnut Street, Philadelphia. Street, Philadelphia,

PUBLISHERS AND BOOKSELLERS,

822 CHESNUT Street,

PORTER & COATES,

MARBLE BUILDING,

ADJOINING CONTINENTAL HOTEL, Books Retailed at Wholesale Prices. 13 22mwfft

MUSIC STORES.

L OUIS MEYER

NEW MUSIC STORE.

No. 1413 CHESNUT STREET,

(Opposite Homer, Colladay & Co.'s dry goods palace), with a choice stock of American and foreign sheet music, planos, etc. Agency for the world-renowned Munich photographs of the Grethe and Schiller galleries, by Kaulbach and other celebrated artists.

Also, constantly on hand, a complete stock of Leypold: & Holt's books, Tauchnitz edition of British authors, Didot's edition of the Fromsh Classics, etc.

Just received. —Photographs of the celebrated new cartoon, called "Heroes of Music of Italy, France, and England," contains 88 lite-like portraits, three size, at \$13, \$4, and \$1.

ETC. ETC. JOHN FARNUM & CO., COMMISSION MER-chants and Manufacturers of Conestoga Ticking, etc., No. 233 OHESNUT Street, Philaddelphia. 41 wim;